

SYDNEY SOUTH HOCKEY ASSOCIATION U7 DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM STATION 1 INTRODUCTION TO DRIBBLING

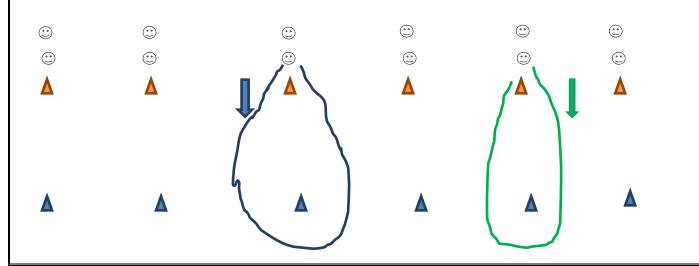
Explain: Grip and basic movement pattern

- ★ Stick on the ground flat side down
- ★ Pick up stick with left hand at the top with the V made between thumb and forefinger) of the left hand going down the stick.
- ★ Ball out in front to maintain good peripheral vision- stick handle should point at thigh not at waist.
- ★ Left hand grips and turns the stick over, right hand is loose allowing stick to turn inside it.

Drill: Open field dribble.

- 1. Set up 6 lines.
- 2. Dribble around cone which is 15m away
- 3. Alternate left hand turns and right hand turns around cones
- 4. Keep head/eyes up to see where you are going and to react to potential tackle
- 5. Finish with relay

Diagram



- Ball staying in contact with stick
- Vision- split between ball and passing options



SYDNEY SOUTH HOCKEY ASSOCIATION U7 DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM STATION 2

INTRODUCTION TO PASSING WITH A PUSH AND TRAPPING

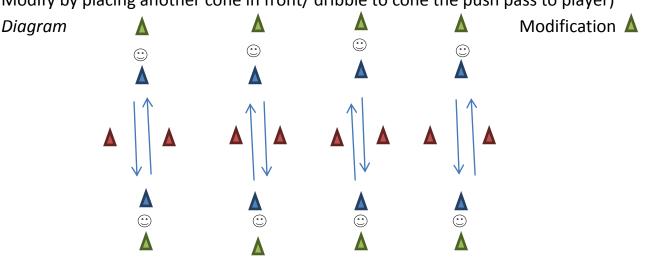
HOCKEY

Explain: Passing the ball (GET the ball, GIVE the ball and GO)

- ★ Explain the importance of a safe and controlled follow though
- ★ The ball needs to be pushed and NOT hit, so stick must stay in contact with ball
- ★ Ball out in front to maintain good peripheral vision- stick handle should point at thigh not at waist.
- ★ Left hand grip is secure at top of stick with and right hand is halfway down stick and gripping the stick to allowing stick to apply pressure to ball.
- ★ Stand side on, ball in front of left foot.
- ★ Step forward onto front foot
- ★ Pass the ball to your partners right side, to their stick, aim at their right foot.
- ★ To trap ball move feet to keep body in line and behind approaching ball.
- ⋆ To trap ball lean stick forward and away from body to prevent ball from deflecting

Drill: Passing and receiving

- 1. Set up 4 lines.
- 2. Even players per group.
- 3. Players are 10m apart and cones are 5m apart
- 4. Players try to pass through the cones for accuracy and then they follow their pass. Modify by placing another cone in front/ dribble to cone the push pass to player)



- Forehand passing technique- pass from beside the body and not in front of the body, low stance, weight transfer, flow though too target (in this case the other player)
- Closing- receiving technique- low stance receive ball at right foot, right hand low for more stability, elbow up with stick upright.



SYDNEY SOUTH HOCKEY ASSOCIATION **U7 DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM STATION 3 INTRODUCTION TO SCORING GOALS**

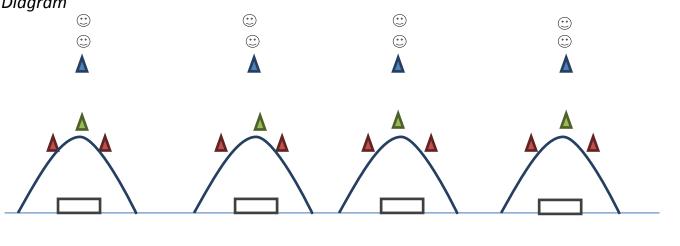
Explain:

- ★ Explain the importance of good footwork to get body into position for shot.
- ★ The ball needs to be pushed and NOT hit, so stick must stay in contact with ball
- ★ Ball out in front to maintain good peripheral vision- stick handle should point at thigh not at waist.
- ★ Left hand grip is secure with and right hand is gripping the stick to allowing stick to apply pressure to ball.

Drill: Passing and receiving

- 1. Set up 4 lines/ 4 goals (use the cones if you don't have a circle
- 2. Dribble ball to top and push at goal,
- 3. Dribble to left, go around cone and push at goal
- 4. Dribble to right, go around cone and push at goal
- 5. Players follow their shot and collect ball.

Diagram



- Shooting at top of circle, early shot.
- Get down low so the dribble transfers to shot without stopping.
- Dribble fast, shoot early, follow ball.



SYDNEY SOUTH HOCKEY ASSOCIATION U7 DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM STATION 4 INTRODUCTION TO TACKLING

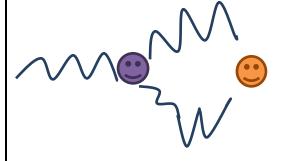
Explain:

- ⋆ To goal is to dispossess the player with the ball who is dribbling down the field.
- ⋆ You are not allowed to tackle from behind.
- ★ The Attacker will be running straight at defender and they need to get ball out without a stick check.
- ★ Stick must stay on ground.
- ★ Keep player with the ball on your right (your flat stick side)
- ★ Best technique to use is "poking at the ball" with left hand on stick, left leg leading, followed by a two hand tackle to secure the ball.
- ★ It requires an element of reaction time.
- ★ Test reaction time by seeing who jabs first when you blow the whistle.
- * Reaction test done by having all players on a line facing same way, on signal players lunge out with left leg leading, stick in left hand, blade on ground.
- ⋆ Player with first reaction wins.

Drill: Passing and receiving

DEMONSTRATE FIRST

- 1. Players in pairs, one attacker, one defender, the defender facing attacker who is 5m away.
- 2. Attacker dribbles ball with close dribbling. Attacker is not allowed to push the ball past tackler (defender).
- 4. Defender has to use the poke tackle to dispossess the attacker.
- 5. Attacker dribble for 1 minute (and / or 5 tackles) then switches roles Diagram



- Footwork
- Low body position, stay balanced, do not dive forward
- Control, stick should slide into position, jab ball, play ball not opponents stick
- Follow through with both hands on stick to secure ball and move forward.